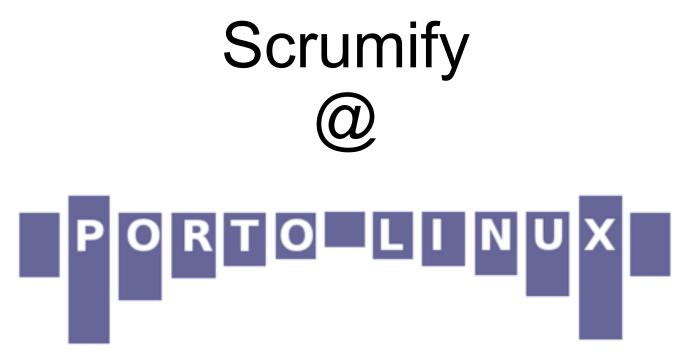
### Talk



### Who am I?

Pedro Gustavo Torres

Graduation in 2002 and Master in 2008

- > 10 years of experience in IT industry
  - > 6 years developing
  - > 4 years managing projects
    - > 2 years scrumming

Companies worked with:



















#### Certifications held:









### Overview

What is Agile?

What is Scrum?

Waterfall Model vs Scrum

Scrum Roles

Backlogs

**Estimates** 

A normal Scrum Project

Scrum of Scrums

Personal stuff

## What is Agile?



# What is Agile?

### Set of Principles:

respect for the worth of every person

truth in every communication

transparency of all data, actions, and decisions

trust that each person will support the team

commitment to the team and to the team's goals

#### and Practices:

- Scrum
- Extreme Programming (TDD, Pair Programming, etc.)
- Kanban

**—** ...

# Agile Manifesto

Individuals and Interactions over Processes and Tools
Working Software over Comprehensive Documentation
Customer Collaboration over Contract Negotiation
Responding to Change over Following a Plan

While there is value in the items on the right...
...we value the items on the left more

## What is Scrum?



### What is Scrum?

Framework

Prescription

Tool

Iterative based

Inspect and adapt

Two perspectives:

- The art of the possible (adaptative)
- ScrumBut is killing the game (strict)

# **Sprints**

Time boxed

2 to 4 weeks (recommended)

Features defined (closed)

100% tested features delivered

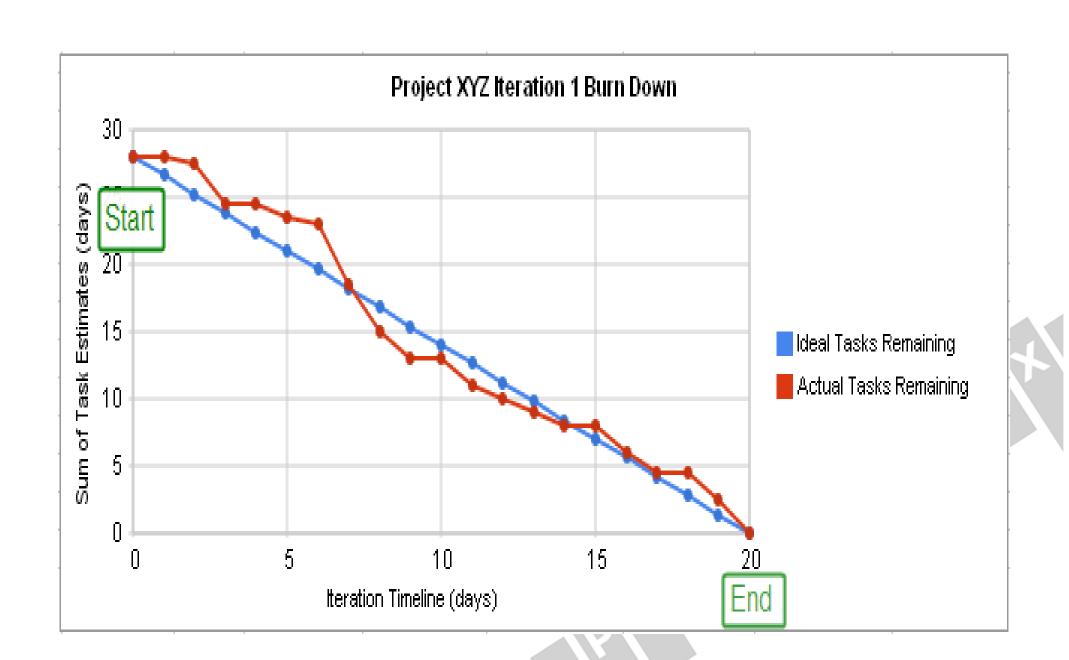
### Tracking:

- Task (white) board
- Burndown chart

# Task (white) board

Story	To Do	In Process	To Verify	Done
As a user, I 8 points	Code the 2 Code the  Test the Test the	8 DC 4  Test the 5C 8	Test the SC 6	Code the  Test the  SC  R  Test the  SC  Test the
As a user, I 5 points	Code the Code the	8 DC 8		Test the  SC Test the  SC Test the  SC 6

### Burndown chart



### Waterfall Model vs Scrum



### Waterfall Model vs Scrum

#### Waterfall:

- Fixed features
- Variable Cost and Time
- Imposes a sequence of events

#### Scrum:

- Fixed time and cost
- Variable features
- Cross-functionality

### Scrum Roles



### Scrum Roles

Customers/Stakeholders

**Product Owner** 

ScrumMaster

Core Team



### Customers/Stakeholders

Owns the vision

They know what they need but normally they tell you what they want

Must be available to attend meetings:

- with the PO to look at the Product Backlog
- with all the team (preferably) to assist at the demo at the end of each sprint

#### Scrum Roles

### **Product Owner**

Provides Customer and Business support and Product guidance

Embraces and nurtures the customer's vision

Main responsibility to identify the stories of the project that goes to the product backlog

Full time job

Commits with the customer

Represents the customer's interest

Needs business background

"The bad cop"

#### Scrum Roles

### ScrumMaster

Builds and maintains healthy teams

Works with the team all the time

Doesn't tell the team what to do

Conducts the scrum meetings

**Facilitator** 

Helps the teams achieve is goals (focus)

Full time job

Doesn't need technical background

"The good cop"

### Core Team

5-7 members (preferably)

**Cross-functional** 

### Empowered:

- Estimates
- Pull work
- Suggest stories to the customers / stakeholders

Commits with the PO through the sprint backlog



Product Backlog

Sprint Backlog



## **Product Backlog**

### **Living Document**

- Key for deliver value to the customer
- Defined in Sprint zero, in Grooming Meetings and Meetings between the PO and the customer
- Everyone can add stories to the PB

#### The items are:

- rated as Stories, Themes or Epics
- ordered by priority
- measured in Story points (preferably)

#### INVEST on the user stories:

Independent, Negotiable, Valuable, Estimable, Small and Testable

# **Sprint Backlog**

User stories that are going to be developed during the sprint

 Example: "As a user I can see my billing history by month so that I can download the invoices"

#### **Tasks**

- Hours
- Acceptance criteria

Defined in the scrum planning meeting



#### Units for stories:

- Story points
- Ideal days
- T-shirt sizes

#### Units for tasks:

Hours

### Techniques:

Planning poker

# Planning Poker

Choose references and use comparison

No scales or units defined (agnostic):

Fibonacci sequence (recommended): 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21...

Everyone draws a card at the same time

#### Advantages:

- Prevents slacking
- Engagement
- Fun

### Disadvantages:

Time consuming

# Planning Poker



# A normal Scrum Project



# A normal Scrum Project

Sprint zero

Planning meeting

**Daily Scrums** 

Grooming meeting

Demo

Retrospective

Release



## Sprint zero

Preparation of the project

Building of the Product backlog

- Identifying user stories
- Prioritize

Definition of Done (task, sprint, release, etc.)

# Planning meeting

Choosing which user stories are going to be done during the sprint:

- Prioritization of the PB
- Team's Velocity



# Daily Scrums

Ideally first thing in the morning

Everyone talks to the team **not** to the ScrumMaster

No more than 15 minutes

Deeper issues stay off

Standing meeting:

- What did you do yesterday?
- What are you going to do today?
- Do you have any problems?

# **Grooming Meeting**

Maintenance of the Product Backlog

Re-estimating (or dropping) old stories

Estimating new stories (that might show up)

### Demo

Demonstration of the implementation of the user stories to the customers/stakeholders

Ideally all the team is in the room

The demo should be done by the Product Owner or by the Customer himself

## Retrospective

Meeting without the PO

#### Questions:

- What are we doing well?
- What can be better?
- What should we start/stop doing?

Voting on the relevant issues

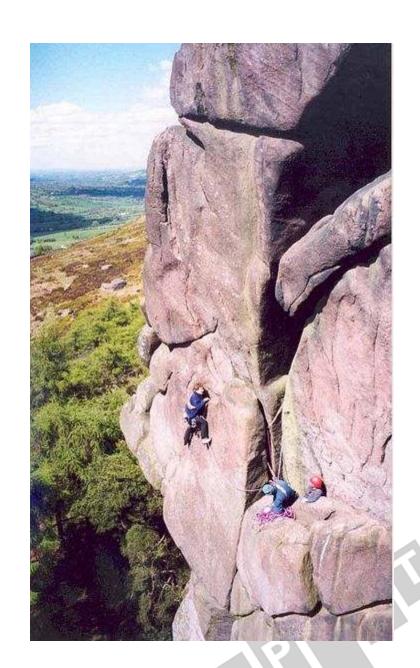
### Release

When should we release?

- At the end of each sprint?
- Once a month?

Always double-check the DoD (Definition of Done) list

## Scrum of Scrums



### Scrum of Scrums

Scaling Scrum to large project teams

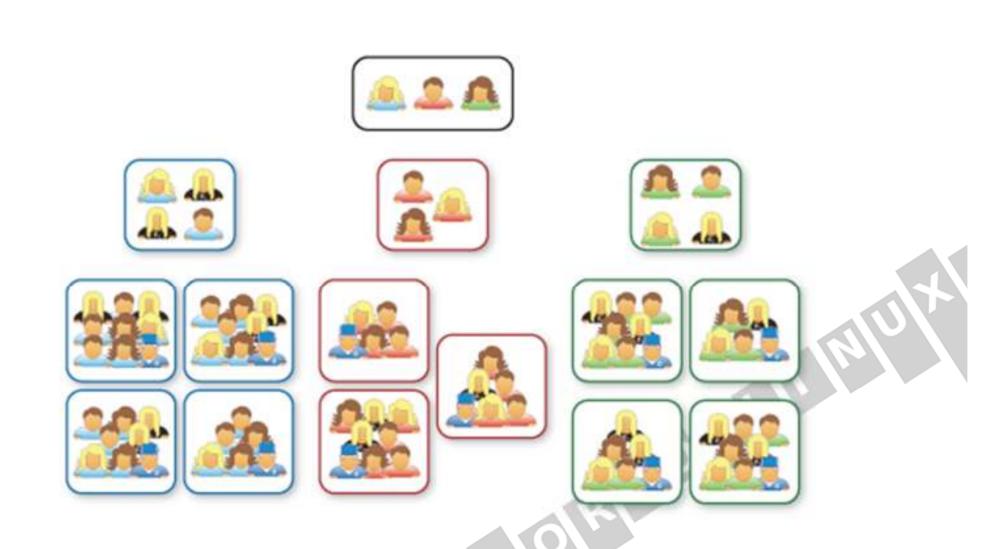
Clusters of teams to discuss their work

Each team designates one person to also attend a scrum of scrums meeting

#### Questions:

- What has your team done since we last met?
- What will your team do before we meet again?
- Is anything slowing your team down or getting in their way?
- Are you about to put something in another team's way?

### Scrum of Scrums



## Personal stuff



### Personal stuff

Never... Ever... Assume

Ass | u | me

"Assumption is the mother of all fuckups" \*

Being Agile is a state of mind

Doing Scrum isn't the goal... delivering great software is

It takes (a lot of) time to assimilate story points

Never tried planning poker (but the Fibonacci sequence works pretty well)

### Personal considerations

The Waterfall model sometimes works. Scrum works more often

Scrum is "apparently" more expensive on the short term than the Waterfall model

Changing minds is hard... habits even harder

Scrum works great with Kanban

Maintaining the Scrum framework isn't a piece of cake

ScrumBut & WaterfallBut

### Scrum misfortunes

Naming "Sprints" to timeboxes

"Working Software over Comprehensive Documentation"

Hard to accommodate room for urgent bugs

Story points backfired

- Comparing team performances
- Selling the unit of measure

The term "Velocity"

Scrum as a silverbullet

#### Personal stuff

## **Takeaways**

ScrumMaster is a full time job

Scrum is the art of the possible

- Use (if possible) the prescription of Scrum for a few sprints
- Then adapt the framework to your reality
- Vanilla Scrum is great but you can make your own flavor

You MUST engage your customer:

- Commitment (availability)
- Scrum ceremonies

You can't fit Scrum in your team? Try Kanban!

# Food for thought

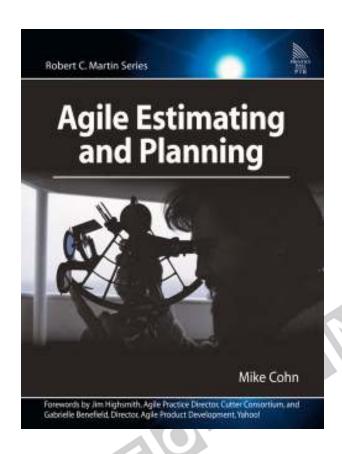
"A great team will have great success with or without Scrum. A shitty team will still produce shit with scrum. Just that the shitty scrum team will see it earlier than the shitty no-scrum team"

Unknown source

# Trouble sleeping?

### A few suggestions:





## My contacts

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